

the "Jeffersonian" was passed, regarding the power it necessarily carried upon the Executive, no alarm was created; it was a pure democratic measure, and conducive to the best interests of the people. The discovery has now made that a number of individuals enjoying the most privileges of a corporate body with a limited charter, are more angry than the Executive with the entire control of the revenues of this country. This is "Jeffersonian" democracy with a little improvement, in order to suit the prevailing fashion of the times.

AGRICOLA.

How a Story Grows.—The last Legislature of this State appropriated \$1,000 for furniture for the Governor's House, and \$3,000 for "repairs of the Governor's House, Outhouses and Enclosure." The North Carolinian magnified this into an appropriation of "\$4,000 to furnish the Governor's Palace." The Mechanicsburg Jeffersonian improves upon this by calling it an "appropriation of \$4,000 to buy French Bedsteads, &c. for Gov. Morehead."

But if these papers understand Addition, they are quite as apt at Subtraction;—for example, the Jeffersonian says, "the whole amount of appropriations for furnishing the President's House, leaping up to public grounds, gardener's salary, &c. amounted in Mr. Van Buren's four years, to a fraction over \$30,000." If the Jeffersonian will examine the acts of 3d March 1837, 3th April 1838, and 3d March 1839, it will find that the whole amount paid during Mr. Van Buren's four years for Furniture, superintendence of the grounds, and repairs of the House, was exactly \$40,406 22—rather "a small fraction" over \$20,000. How much more is covered by the " &c." we of course have no means of knowing.—*Fayetteville Observer.*

Who's Afraid?—President Harrison having called an Extra Session of Congress, not having the fear of South Carolina before his eyes, active preparations are making in that State to bring all its supendous force to bear in nullifying any act that that Extra Session may dare to do. In the Charleston Mercury, the Governor is called upon to convene an Extra Session of the Legislature, "to avert, by the exercise of a timely firmness, the dangers that overwhelm us from the approaching Extra Session of Congress!" "Let the Legislature meet, (says the writer,) at the State under complete military organization, and instruct the Governor, to issue a National Bank or Protective Tariff enacted by Congress, to annul, forthwith, a Convention of the People of South Carolina, to deliberate on the measures necessary to be taken in defence of their liberties. There should be no hesitation, no delay. Every thing depends on their bold, uncompromising decision."—46.

It is believed the Post Office Department is in arrears about a million of dollars. Its affairs are in utter confusion.—It is now confessed on all hands that Mr. Kendall grossly neglected his duties, and that Mr. Niles knew nothing about them. The Department could not have sustained itself three months longer under the former administration of its affairs. Mr. Granger has a hard task of it; how he will acquit himself remains to be seen. I have great confidence in his energy and business habits. As for the Treasury, it is as empty as an old Egyptian tomb from which the last mummy has departed.—It will be ascertained that we have a national debt of some forty millions. The Locofocos left office at the right time. The old shop of state was swamped. We will wait and see if the Whigs can save her before we accord them any praise.

Washington Correspondent N. American.

The Receiver Generalship.—We learn, although it is not so announced in the *National Intelligencer*, that the nomination of Dr. Jacob De La Motte, as receiver General, was made in consequence of the resignation of Dr. Joseph Johnson, the late incumbent. That worthy, useful, and public spirited citizen, we are authorized to say, would not have been removed by Gen. Harrison.—*Charleston Courier.*

"What shadows we are, and what shadows we pursue."—It is stated on good authority that Judge Barbour, whose recent decease at Washington was so sudden, wrote a letter to his family on the evening of his death. He stated to them that his health was never better, and his prospect of returning to his home in Virginia to him was delightful. The mail following the one which conveyed this letter, carried the heart-rending intelligence of his death.

ELECTION.

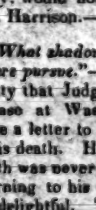
THE Citizens of Mechanicsburg County, are hereby notified, that in obedience to the Prescription of the Governor of the State, Polls will be opened and held at the usual Election Precincts in this County, on **THURSDAY, the 13th DAY OF MAY NEXT**, to elect a Member for this District to the 27th Congress of the United States, when and where all qualified are requested to attend and vote.

T. N. ALEXANDER, Sheriff.

April 7, 1841. 131

NEW FIRM.

BETHUNE & JOHNSON



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TAILORS.

No exertion shall be wanting on their part to give general satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage. All work done in their establishment warranted to be made in the most durable manner and latest fashion.

Good Fits warranted to all customers.
Charlotte, Sept. 14, 1840. 517

